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R 9120 PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

A. Standards of Presentation

1. Material released in the district's public information program should:
 - a. Be factual, topical, newsworthy, and consistent with the educational goals adopted by the Board of Education;
 - b. Represent the activities at all grade levels, subject areas, and schools and not favor one school population or activity over another;
 - c. Strive to interpret the educational program to the lay public and avoid the use of professional terminology; and
 - d. Present an integrated district-wide picture of district-wide programs rather than fragmented information.
2. Information regarding an individual pupil, other than information classified as directory information in Policy No. 8330, shall be released only with the express written permission of the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) or the adult pupil. Pupil "information" includes verbal and photographic material, whether or not the pupil depicted is individually identified. Directory information regarding an individual pupil may be released only if the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) or the adult pupil has not prohibited its release in accordance with Policy No. 8330.

B. Preparation of Information for Public Distribution

1. Information will be released in a systematic manner to avoid confusion and misunderstanding.
2. Information planned for general public consumption should first be reviewed by interested district employees.
3. News bulletins issued by individual schools or departments within the district must identify the issuing school or department as a part of the school district. Thus all letterheads, bulletins, and publications must carry the full name of the Point Pleasant School District.



4. The Principal of each school should prepare a bulletin or news item of interest in his/her building. A copy of the item will be sent to the Superintendent for clearance before the bulletin or item may be released to the press.
5. The office of the Superintendent will prepare and disseminate:
 - a. An annual calendar of Board, district, and school events open to the public;
 - b. A district newsletter;
 - c. Information about the proposed budget, in accordance with Policy No. 6230;
 - d. News releases about Board activities and district-wide activities.
6. The Principal of each school will prepare, submit to the Superintendent for approval, and disseminate the following public information publications.
 - a. A pupil handbook will be given to each pupil enrolled in the school or to the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s). The handbook will include, as appropriate to the grade levels in the school:
 - (1) The organization of the school;
 - (2) Rules for pupil conduct;
 - (3) Pupil rights and responsibilities;
 - (4) Information about school operations, health services, attendance, emergency closings, and the like;
 - (5) Descriptions of pupil activities and programs;
 - (6) The pupil grievance procedure; and
 - (7) Academic requirements.



- b. A calendar of school events will be distributed to all pupils, parent(s) or legal guardian(s), and staff members.
 - c. As appropriate to the grade levels of the school, a listing of curriculum offerings and requirements will be distributed to all parents or legal guardians and pupils.
 - d. Programs for specific performances and athletic contests will be distributed to attendees and participants.
- C. Release of Information to the Press
1. In accordance with Policy No. 9120, information determined by the Board to be of particular community impact and interest will be released to the press only by the Board.
 2. Information regarding Board actions of lesser importance may be released to the press by the Superintendent.
 3. Information regarding the activities of the schools and of individuals in the schools may be released to the press on the approval of the Building Principal.
 4. All inquiries from members of the press will be referred to the Superintendent for response. A staff member who is requested to give an interview to a member of the press shall so inform the Superintendent, who may request to be present at the interview.
 5. In the event of an unusual development in the school district that arouses substantial public interest, the Superintendent will accommodate the needs of the press by establishing a temporary press center.
 - a. A room will be prepared, as close to the main office as feasible, and equipped with a telephone, computer, access to copying equipment, paper, and other equipment and supplies as may reasonably facilitate the tasks of reporters and photographers.
 - b. Members of the press will be directed to gather in the pressroom, where they will hear and may question the district's spokesperson.



- c. All information about the unusual development will be relayed through the designated district spokesperson, who should be given direct access to the information and people necessary to the gathering of accurate data.
- d. School officials who are asked to give statements to the press regarding the development should seek the assistance of the Superintendent in drafting their statements.

D. Displays

- 1. Displays of the accomplishments of district pupils and the results of educational programs may be placed in locations that afford a high level of public visibility, such as in local commercial establishments, municipal offices, health facilities, libraries, and banks.
- 2. Any display must be approved in advance by the school Principal.
- 3. The staff member planning the display must request and receive in writing the permission of the facility in which the display will be placed. The request will clearly indicate the duration of the display, the time when it will be installed, and any particular accommodations that are necessary to the display.
- 4. A letter of appreciation shall be sent to the facility after the display is removed.

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9140 CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

A. Appointment

In order to form the membership of advisory committees to the Board of Education, the President shall:

1. Appoint residents who are able and interested in the subject and concerned about the schools;
2. Appoint a chairperson;
3. Appoint himself/herself and the Superintendent as *ex-officio* members of the committee;
4. Define the committee assignment in writing;
5. Appoint an administrator advisor.

B. Operation

1. All members of the committee, whether elected Board members, residents, or staff employees are intended to have the same rights, participation, and vote.
2. The chairperson shall call committee meetings, establish agenda, and provide liaison with staff where necessary.
3. It is expected that some committees will meet more often than others in accordance with a schedule determined by its membership.
4. Meetings of an advisory committee shall not be open to the public.
5. A committee chairperson may call a special meeting of his/her committee at any time with due consideration to applicable statutes, rules, and regulations.

C. Recommendations

1. Recommendations of advisory committees shall not reduce the responsibility of the Board, which shall be free to accept or reject the recommendations as it sees fit.



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Citizens Advisory Committee

2. Members of committees who are not elected Board members may not make decisions nor bind the Board or the school district in matters that are reserved to Board members by law.
3. Matters concerned with individual school district employees or pupils are not appropriate matters for consideration by non-elected members of the committees, but the philosophy, goals, and objectives related to programs, organization, structure, resources, facilities, and finance are.

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9150 SCHOOL VISITORS

A. Definition

“Visitor” means any person present in a school building on a school day during the hours school is in session, other than those persons whose presence is required by their enrollment in the school or employment by the Board and includes, but need not be limited to, parents or legal guardians, family members, district residents, guests, educational researchers, and members of the Board. For the purposes of this regulation, “visitor” does not include persons present in school buildings to attend meetings of the Board or events sponsored by organizations granted permission by the Board to meet in the school.

B. Registration

1. Every visitor is required to register in the school office.
2. A notice will be prominently posted at each entrance to the school building, advising visitors to report to the school office before advancing to any other part of the school. Additional signs should be posted in the lobby of each building to advise visitors not to proceed without registering in the school office.
3. The Principal will maintain a logbook in the main office of the school. Each visitor shall enter his/her name and the purpose of his/her visit in the logbook except that the Principal may exempt trades persons who make regular and frequent visits to the school.
4. Each visitor will be given an identification tag or badge, which must be worn while the visitor is in the school. The Principal may give a permanent identification tag or badge to a trades person who makes regular and frequent visits to the school.
5. The Principal or office personnel designated by the Principal shall arrange for an escort to accompany each visitor to his/her destination except that the Principal may permit visitors familiar with the school and personally known to the Principal to proceed unaccompanied.
6. A staff member who encounters a visitor without identification will request the visitor to report at the school office, and if feasible, conduct the visitor to the school office. A visitor who resists the request or refuses to be conducted to the school office shall be reported to the Principal immediately.



7. A teacher shall not admit a visitor to his/her classroom unless the visitor has the identifying tag or badge or is accompanied by the Principal or the Principal's designee.
 8. When a visitor has completed the business of his/her visit, he/she will return directly to the school office, return the identification tag or badge, and promptly leave the building.
 9. The provisions of this paragraph may be waived for parents or legal guardians attending scheduled parent-teacher conferences.
- C. Permission to Visit Classroom
1. Permission to visit a classroom in session must be sought from and granted by the Principal.
 2. In general, arrangements to visit a classroom should be made at least one day in advance of the intended visit.
 3. If the intended visit would interfere with the planned instructional program, the Principal will so advise the visitor and suggest another time for the visit.
 4. The Principal is authorized to exclude a visitor from a classroom if the Principal has reason to suspect that the visitor may disrupt the educational program or threaten the health and safety of pupils or staff members.
 5. The parent(s) or legal guardian(s) who arrives at school without having sought advance approval of a classroom visit may be admitted to the classroom at the discretion of the Principal.
 6. The Principal may arrange visits to classrooms by educators and student teachers with the cooperation and consent of the classroom teachers.
 7. Teachers may invite guest speakers or observers to their classrooms with the approval of the Principal. Each such guest speaker and observer must sign the school logbook.
 8. The Principal has the authority to evaluate all requests to visit a classroom. A denied request will be accompanied by an explanation of the denial. The parent(s) or legal guardian(s) who has been denied access to his/her child's classroom may appeal the Principal's decision to the Superintendent, whose determination may be appealed to the Board of Education in accordance with Policy No. 9130.



D. Limitations on Visits to School

1. Visitors are permitted in the schools only during school hours.
2. A visitor may remove a pupil from school only in strict accordance with Policy No. 5230.
3. A visitor may confer with a pupil in the school only with the approval of the Principal and in the presence of a teaching staff member.
4. A visitor to a classroom shall not interrupt the instructional program, speak to or disturb pupils, or distract the teacher. A visitor who wishes to confer with the teacher must make arrangements for a conference at a later date.
5. A visitor may not bring a child or children to a classroom without the express permission of the teacher and the Principal.
6. A classroom visit may ordinarily not exceed sixty minutes without the express permission of the teacher and the Principal.
7. The Principal may restrict the number of visitors to any classroom at any one time. Preference will be given to the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of pupils in the classroom.
8. Unless authorized or directed by a majority of the Board, a member's visit to any school district building is subject to the same controls and restrictions as any other visitor. Board members who wish to visit schools shall check in with the Principal upon entering the building. To the extent possible, prior arrangements should be made with the Principal.

E. Disruptive Visitors

1. The Principal has complete authority to exclude from school premises any person whom he/she believes may:
 - a. Disrupt the instructional program;
 - b. Disturb teachers or pupils; or
 - c. Commit an illegal act.



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School Visitors

2. A visitor whose presence or conduct is disruptive or whose conduct in the past suggests that he/she may be disruptive may be requested to leave the school premises. If the visitor so requested does not withdraw, the Principal may summon assistance from the Point Pleasant Borough Police Department.
3. A visitor who presents a serious and immediate threat to the health and safety of persons in the school may be subdued by appropriate means pending the arrival of law enforcement officers.
4. If the Principal has been alerted to dangerous persons in the vicinity of the school or has been informed that a person intends to enter the school with the intent of doing harm, the Principal may, in his/her discretion:
 - a. Assign personnel to patrol entrances to the school and deny entrance to any person not properly identified or personally known to them;
 - b. Secure the services of professional security personnel to monitor entrances; and/or
 - c. Lock all school entrances other than the main entrance so that doors cannot be opened from the outside (taking all necessary steps to ensure that doors can be opened from the inside by pressure on crash bars).

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9161 CROWD CONTROL

The Athletic Director and Building Principal or designee will be responsible for carrying out the following procedures to prepare for and supervise each district and school event that will attract substantial numbers of the public to school premises.

A. Preparation

1. The Point Pleasant Borough Police Department will be notified of the date and time of the event and the anticipated public. The Building Principal or designee will cooperate with the police department in planning adequate police protection for the event.
2. All necessary arrangements for traffic flow, parking, accommodations for visitors' buses, and reservation of "no parking" areas will be made. Parking areas must be sufficient in size, well lighted, and adequately policed throughout the event.
3. The following persons will be assigned and trained as necessary for the event:
 - a. Game officials, scorers, and timers;
 - b. District employees, pupils, and/or volunteers to monitor the event and supervise spectators, each to be issued distinctive identification, such as badges or armbands;
 - c. Ticket takers, who may be directed to screen for troublemakers; and
 - d. An announcer, who should be impressed with the importance of his/her role in affecting and inspiring spectator behavior and the necessity for being neutral and respectful at all times.
4. The visiting school will be informed of directions to the event, seating, provisions for the athletes, parking, and security for the athletes' possessions. District rules for spectators will be sent to the visiting school for review prior to the event.
5. Seating sections will be reserved for school bands, teams, cheerleaders, and special guests. Rival pupil groups should be separately accommodated in spectator areas, rest rooms, and concessions.
6. Rules for spectators' conduct will be posted at the event and/or included in the program prepared for the event.



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7. All appropriate persons should become familiar with Regulation No. 2431.1, Emergency Procedures for Athletic Competition. An ambulance and/or physician should to be present as required by the regulation.
 8. Cheerleaders will be instructed to:
 - a. Keep cheering positively and not antagonistic, provocative, or suggestive;
 - b. Respect the cheers and efforts of visitors in a sportsmanlike manner;
 - c. Discourage booing and negative demonstrations by intercepting them with a positive cheer; and
 - d. Accept with responsibility their role in guiding spectator behavior.
 9. Arrangements will be made for any communication system that may be necessary among officials, coaches, and administrators.
- B. During the Event
1. Persons assigned to supervise spectators should be consulted frequently for problems before they worsen.
 2. Lines of communication should be kept open.
 3. Supervision will be provided during half-time or intermission periods.
 4. Rules for spectator conduct (see paragraph D) will be enforced.
- C. After the Event
1. Spectators will be directed out of the facility in an orderly flow.
 2. Supervision will be provided until all spectators have dispersed. No loitering will be permitted on school premises.
 3. Visiting team members, rooters, cheerleaders, and band members will be assisted in their departure.
 4. The Athletic Director will consult with representatives of the visiting team to ensure that all details have been settled.



D. Spectator Rules

All spectators at a school sponsored event are expected to know and observe the following rules. A spectator who violates any of these rules may be evicted from the event. Persistent disregard of these rules may cause a spectator to be barred from future events.

Spectators must:

1. Conduct themselves with decorum and with respect for the rights and property of others at all times, at the school event and while traveling to and from the school event;
2. Respect and obey those in authority--school officials and police--and the persons assigned by the school to act for those in authority;
3. Respect the efforts of the pupils involved in the event, for whom the event may mark the culmination of many hours of preparation and hard work;
4. Respect the seating arrangements provided by the school and remain seated in assigned seats during the event;
5. Respond enthusiastically to pupil efforts and accomplishments by cheering and applauding and refrain from boos, disrespectful remarks, and other loud negative expressions;
6. Stay off the stage, arena, or athletic playing area on which pupils are performing or competing;
7. Respect the property of the school by causing no litter and leaving the premises as clean as they were found; make proper use of lavatory facilities and food and drink concessions;
8. Not bring and/or consume alcoholic beverages or narcotics or drugs of any kind on school premises and stay away from school premises if under the influence of alcohol or drugs;
9. Use no tobacco product in a school building or in any place on school premises;



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10. Park as directed, obey traffic rules, and drive with extreme care on school property; and
11. Out of concern for the comfort and safety of all spectators and respect for the efforts of performing or competing pupils, report any violation of these rules to a person in authority.

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9180 SCHOOL VOLUNTEERS

A. Assignments

The tasks to which volunteers may be assigned include, but need not be limited to, the following:

1. Duplicating tests and other materials;
2. Helping with classroom housekeeping;
3. Typing class materials, tests, and the like;
4. Setting up audio-visual and other instructional equipment, if qualified to do so;
5. Helping children remove and don outerwear and boots;
6. Supervising the playground;
7. Correcting workbooks, as qualified to do so and as appropriate to the sensitivity of the materials;
8. Reading aloud and telling stories;
9. Assisting with the school library program;
10. Assisting pupils locate material in reference works;
11. Assisting with the school lunch program;
12. Serving as chaperones on field trips; and
13. Serving as resource persons in a special subject area.

B. Rules of Conduct for Volunteers

1. A volunteer may serve only under the direction and supervision of a teaching staff member.
2. A volunteer should perform no duties other than those expressly assigned him/her.



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School Volunteers

3. A volunteer must respect the individuality, dignity, and worth of each pupil. A volunteer must never punish or rebuke a pupil.
4. A volunteer must not seek access to records about an individual pupil. A volunteer must respect the confidentiality of any information gained about an individual pupil, by whatever means.
5. A volunteer who imparts information to pupils must be mindful of the age, maturity, and sensibility of those pupils and exercise proper care and discretion accordingly.

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9190 COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS

The Superintendent directs each Building Principal to:

1. Establish and maintain a file of community resources.
2. Recommend which instructional program and/or district operations would profit by the involvement of community resources personnel.

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9270 HOME SCHOOLING AND EQUIVALENT EDUCATION

Home schooling is an educational program provided at home, usually by the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the child. Children are taught using their own curriculum or published home school curriculum. The Board of Education recognizes that home schooling is an option for parent(s) or legal guardian(s) under the compulsory education law.

A. Legal Requirement for Compulsory Attendance

1. N.J.S.A. 18A:38-25 requires all children six to 16 years to attend the public schools or a day school in which there is given instruction equivalent to that provided in the public school for children of similar grades and attainments or to receive equivalent instruction elsewhere other than school.
2. The parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a child that is home schooled is responsible to ensure their child receives instruction equivalent to that provided in the public school for children of similar grades and attainments or to receive equivalent instruction elsewhere other than school.
3. The Superintendent may report to the appropriate municipal authorities those children whom he/she has reason to believe are not offered instruction outside the schools equivalent to that offered in the public schools for children of similar ages or attainments.
4. If the Superintendent makes a report, the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a pupil receiving instruction elsewhere other than school may notify the Superintendent of their child's educational program status and provide sufficient information to satisfy the district that equivalent instruction is being offered.
5. Parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a home schooled pupil are not required to seek approval from the district or to submit materials to the Superintendent in order to permit it to make a determination as to the equivalency of the instruction.

B. Truancy/Violations of Compelling Attendance

1. When a Superintendent and Board believe a person is not complying with the compulsory education law (N.J.S.A. 18A:38-25 et seq.) they must initiate truancy proceedings in municipal court where a parent may be found guilty of a disorderly persons offense and fined in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:38-27 and N.J.S.A. 18A:38-31.



2. If the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) are challenged in court by the Superintendent or Board, the district must demonstrate, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the parents are not providing a curriculum that is academically equivalent to that provided in the public school for a child of similar grade and attainment.
- C. District Requirements for Home Schooled Pupils
1. Unless requested by the parents, and agreed to by the school district, the school district is not required or permitted to:
 - a. Test a child educated at home;
 - b. Review the quality of instruction received at home; or
 - c. To monitor the results of home instruction.
 2. When children are educated at home and are not enrolled in a school, the school district will not provide entitlements or privileges of pupils enrolled in the school district unless specifically provided in the federal special education laws.
 3. A child educated at home shall not receive a state endorsed high school diploma from the Board of Education.
- D. Pupils With Disabilities
1. The Superintendent will consider requests for evaluation of all potentially disabled home schooled children and make determinations whether or not to conduct evaluations.
 - a. If the school district's Child Study Team (CST) determines that an evaluation is required, the procedures as outlined in N.J.A.C. 6A:14 are followed.
 - b. If the child is eligible for special education, the CST will determine a classification category and develop an Individualized Education Program (IEP) in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14.
 - c. Home schooled children with disabilities may be provided a special education program including related services.



- d. If a home schooled child with disabilities re-enrolls in the public school, the school district must implement the special education program described in the IEP. The school district will also review the IEP annually and be ready to conduct re-evaluation every three years.
- e. The school district will notify the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a classified child who is being educated at home to offer services as required by law. The documentation of this notice will be maintained in the child's record file.
- f. Any determination by the school district CST regarding the provision of a special education program to a classified child who is being educated at home may be challenged by the parent(s) or legal guardian(s).

E. Curricular and Co-Curricular Activities

When children are educated at home and are not enrolled in a school, the school district is not required to provide any of the entitlements or privileges of pupils enrolled in the school district unless specifically provided in the federal special education laws.

- 1. Curricular activities - Home schooled children will not be permitted to participate in school curricular activities, (e.g. field trips).
- 2. Co-Curricular activities - Home schooled children will not be permitted to participate in school co-curricular activities, (e.g. clubs and athletics).
- 3. Textbooks - The school district will not loan books or materials to home schooled children.
- 4. Home schooled pupils are permitted to enroll in shared time vocational programs, and once enrolled they become public school pupils and are entitled to payments of tuition and are eligible for transportation.

Home Schooling in New Jersey
PTM NO. 1400.66 New Jersey Department of Education, 30 April 1997
Commissioner of Education Correspondence dated 9 April 1998

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9320 COOPERATION WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

A. Relations with Local Police Department

1. The Principal of each school will endeavor to establish a continuing cooperative relationship with the law enforcement officers that serve the area in which the school is located.
2. Local police officers will be encouraged to visit the school on regular tours of duty so that their presence in the school is helpful and non-threatening.
3. Police should be encouraged to take active roles as resource persons in school programs in order to bring them into direct contact with pupils and to impress pupils with the positive aspects of police protection and security. Police officers may be invited to participate in such programs as driver education, substance abuse, and health/family life education.
4. At the same time that he/she works toward a liaison with the police and assists the police in the necessary performance of their responsibility to enforce the law, the Principal will impress upon the police his/her role as protector of the rights and interests of the pupils enrolled in the school.
5. For the purposes of this Regulation:
 - a. "Police Department" means the law enforcement agency designated by the County Prosecutor to receive such information.
 - b. "Principal" means the Principal and/or designee.
 - c. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent and/or designee.
 - d. "School staff member" means any school employee.

B. Summoning the Police onto School Property for the Purpose of Conducting Law Enforcement Investigations, Searches, Seizures, Arrests and in Emergencies

1. Police may be summoned to the school by the Principal or, in the absence of the Principal, the staff member in charge of the school building. If the Principal or staff member in charge is not immediately available in an emergency situation, the police may be summoned by any staff member with direct knowledge of the emergency, who shall report his/her call to the Principal at the earliest possible time.



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Cooperation with Law Enforcement Agencies

2. The telephone number by which police can be summoned shall be prominently displayed at telephones in the school that have an outside line.
3. Police officers should be summoned to the school:
 - a. When an incident involving the suspected or actual use, possession, or distribution of alcohol or a controlled dangerous substance, including anabolic steroids, drug paraphernalia or a firearm or other deadly weapon occurs, in accordance with Regulation No. 5530;
 - b. When evidence indicates that a crime has been committed, that a break and entry has occurred, that a deadly weapon is on school premises, or that a breach of the peace has occurred, in accordance with Regulation No. 7440;
 - c. When an act of vandalism has occurred, in accordance with Regulation No. 7610;
 - d. When fire is detected and immediately after the fire department has been summoned, in accordance with Regulation No. 8420.1;
 - e. When a bomb threat has been received, in accordance with Regulation No. 8420.2;
 - f. When the school is threatened by toxic hazard, in accordance with Regulation No. 8431;
 - g. In a serious medical emergency, in accordance with Regulation No. 8441;
 - h. When a visitor to the school is seriously disruptive and/or refuses to obey the Principal's order to leave the premises, in accordance with Regulation No. 9150; and
 - i. In any other instance in which the Principal or staff member in charge has cause to believe the health, safety and welfare of the building occupants and/or property are in jeopardy.
4. An emergency call to the police should include the:
 - a. The name and title of the caller;



- b. The name and location of the school building in which law enforcement is needed; and
 - c. A brief description of the nature of the situation, including an accurate assessment of the seriousness of the situation.
 5. If possible, a staff member or responsible pupil should be dispatched to meet and guide responding officers.
 6. If offenders are to be arrested, a staff member should be prepared to assist the police in obtaining the necessary warrants.
- C. Planned Security Protection at School Events and Extra-Curricular Activities
 1. Each September or before, the Principal will provide the local police department with a calendar of events scheduled at the school for the school year just beginning. The calendar will be updated as necessary during the year.
 2. The Principal will review with the police the events for which the need for police assistance and/or security is anticipated. Their review will include:
 - a. The number of officers required,
 - b. The responsibilities to be assumed by the officers, and
 - c. The remuneration, if any, each is to receive.
- D. Police Investigations in the School
 1. The Principal shall demand proper identification of any individual who represents him/herself as a police officer before the Principal permits any investigation to go forward. The Principal may verify this identification with the Police Department or the law enforcement agency that the individual claims to represent.
 2. A police officer's request for access to school records will be responded to as follows:
 - a. A request for access to the public records of this district will be granted only in accordance with Regulation No. 8310.



- b. A request for access to district or Board of Education records that are classified as confidential by Policy No. 8310 shall be reported to the Superintendent or Board Secretary, who will determine, in consultation with the Board Attorney, whether or not to release the record.
 - c. A request for access to personnel records that are classified as confidential by Policy No. 8320 shall be reported to the Superintendent and shall be released only if:
 - (1) The employee concerned has consented to inspection of his/her file, or
 - (2) The law enforcement officer presents a warrant authorizing a search or certain confidential records from the file.
 - (3) The Superintendent may consult with the Board Attorney prior to releasing any personnel records that are classified as confidential.
 - d. A request for access to pupil records that are classified as confidential by law and by Policy No. 8330 shall be reported to the Superintendent and shall be released only if:
 - (1) The adult pupil concerned or parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the minor pupil concerned has consented in writing to the inspection; or
 - (2) The police officer presents to the Superintendent a court order authorizing access to the record; or
 - (3) The adult pupil concerned or parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the minor pupil concerned has been given at least three days written notice of the name of the requesting agency and the records requested and has not obtained a judicial order barring access.
 - (4) The Superintendent may consult with the Board Attorney prior to releasing any pupil records that are classified as confidential.
3. A request by law enforcement officials to interrogate pupils, on school premises or while under the protection of the school, shall be handled as follows:



- a. The police officer shall be required to ask the Principal for access to the pupil, regardless of the pupil's location in or about school premises or on a school-sponsored trip or at a school-sponsored event.
- b. The Principal shall ask the police officer to delay the interrogation or conduct the interrogation away from school. In general, it should not be necessary to conduct an interrogation in school unless the matter involves:
 - (1) A crime committed in school; or
 - (2) An investigation that would be compromised without the interrogation in school; or
 - (3) An endangerment to the lives or safety of pupils or other persons; or
 - (4) Other reasons law enforcement officials believe an interrogation must be conducted in school and cannot wait until the pupil is away from school.
- c. The Principal shall make every reasonable effort to notify the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the request by law enforcement officials to interrogate the pupil while in school to receive the parent's or legal guardian's consent to permit the pupil to be interrogated before the interrogation.
 - (1) The Principal will permit the interrogation if the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) consents to the interrogation.
 - (2) The Principal will delay the interrogation in the event the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) requests to be present during the interrogation.
 - (3) The Principal will deny the law enforcement official an interrogation if the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) cannot be contacted or if the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) does not consent to the interrogation.
 - (4) In the event the interrogation is not denied by the Principal for the reasons in (3) above, the Principal will immediately contact the Superintendent, who will contact the Board Attorney to determine the Principal's and school district's legal responsibilities under the circumstances of law enforcement's request for the pupil to be interrogated in school.



- d. A pupil shall not be removed from school for interrogation unless:
 - (1) The pupil has been lawfully arrested; or
 - (2) The adult pupil or the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a minor pupil has consented to the removal.
4. All searches and seizures of pupils, their property and personal effects conducted by school staff must comply with the standards prescribed by the United States Supreme Court in *New Jersey v. T.L.O.* 469 U.S. 325 (1985) and in compliance with Policy No. 5770.
 - a. Any questions concerning searches conducted by school officials shall be directed to the County Prosecutor.
 - b. A school official may request that law enforcement authorities assume responsibility for conducting any search or seizure.
 - c. No school staff member will impede any law enforcement officer engaged in a lawful search, seizure or arrest whether pursuant to a warrant or otherwise.
 - d. School staff will permit law enforcement authorities upon their arrival to assume responsibility for conducting any search or seizure.
 - e. All inspections of lockers, desks or other objects or personal property on school grounds involving the use of law enforcement, drug-detection canines may only be undertaken with the express permission of the County Prosecutor or the Director of the Division of Criminal Justice in the New Jersey Department of Law and Public Safety.
 - f. Any questions concerning the legality of any contemplated or ongoing search, seizure or arrest conducted by a law enforcement officer on school grounds shall be directed to the County Prosecutor or, in the case of search, seizure or arrest undertaken by the Division of Criminal Justice, to the assigned Assistant Attorney General.
5. The Superintendent and Building Principal will cooperate with law enforcement authorities in the planning and conduct of undercover school operations.



- a. The Superintendent shall approve such undercover operations without prior notification to the Board of Education in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.2(a)6.i.
 - b. All information relative to any undercover school operation shall be kept strictly confidential by the Superintendent and the Building Principal and may not be divulged to any person without the express approval of the County Prosecutor.
 - c. The Superintendent and/or Building Principal must immediately inform the County Prosecutor in the event it becomes known by such authorized school official(s) that any information regarding the existence of an undercover operation has been revealed.
6. A request or attempt to arrest a pupil, on school premises or while under the protection of the school, shall be handled as follows:
- a. The police officer shall be required to ask the Principal for access to the pupil, regardless of the pupil's location in or about school premises or on a school-sponsored trip or at a school-sponsored event.
 - b. The police officer shall not be permitted to arrest or take custody of a pupil unless:
 - (1) The Principal lawfully requests the removal of the pupil; or
 - (2) The officer has probable cause to arrest the pupil for a felony; or
 - (3) The officer has an arrest warrant or a judicial order requiring the custody of the pupil.
 - c. The Principal shall request the police officer to defer the arrest to another time and place or, if that is not possible, to take steps to protect the pupil's privacy, such as taking custody in a private place or assigning the taking of custody to a nonuniformed police officer or a school security officer.
 - d. The Principal shall make every reasonable effort to notify the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the impending arrest.



- e. The Principal shall determine the place to which the pupil will be removed and held in custody or detention and will so inform the parent(s) or legal guardian(s).
 - f. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Regulation, a police officer has the legal right to take direct and unhindered action in the school.
 - (1) In an emergency situation, where the commission of a crime or offense involving felony or a serious breach of the peace in school has been witnessed by the officer, or
 - (2) The police officer is in "hot pursuit" of the pupil for such a crime.
 - g. In any situation in which a police officer takes direct action, the Principal shall be promptly notified.
- E. Reporting Pupils or Staff Members to Law Enforcement
- 1. Subject to the provisions of N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.5, any staff member having reason to believe that a pupil or staff member has unlawfully possessed or in any way been involved in the distribution of a controlled dangerous substance, including anabolic steroids or drug paraphernalia, on or within 1,000 feet of the outermost boundary of the school property pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2C:35-7, shall report the matter as soon as possible to the Principal or, in the absence of the Principal, to the staff member responsible at the time of the alleged violation.
 - a. Either the Principal or the responsible staff member shall notify the Superintendent, who in turn shall notify the Police Department as soon as possible.
 - b. The Superintendent will provide to the Police Department and/or County Prosecutor all known information concerning the matter, including the identity of the pupil or staff member involved.
 - c. The Superintendent and/or Principal will not disclose the identity of any pupil or staff member who has voluntarily sought treatment or counseling for a substance abuse problem provided the pupil or staff member is not currently involved or implicated in drug distribution activities.



- d. An admission by a pupil or staff member in response to questioning initiated by the Principal or teaching staff member, or following the discovery of a controlled dangerous substance, including anabolic steroids or drug paraphernalia by the Principal or teaching staff member, shall not constitute a voluntary, self-initiated request for counseling and treatment.
 2. The Principal, or in the absence of the Principal the staff member responsible at the time of the alleged violation, will report to the police department. Whenever any staff member develops reason to believe that a firearm, as defined in N.J.S.A. 2C:39-1(f) and 18 U.S.C. section 921, or other deadly weapon, whether enumerated in N.J.S.A. 2C:39-1(r) or not, except a firearm as defined by N.J.S.A. 2C:39-1(f) and 18 U.S.C. section 921, has unlawfully been brought onto school property, or that any pupil or other person is in unlawful possession of a firearm or other deadly weapon, whether on or off school property, or that any pupil or other person has committed an offense with or while in possession of a firearm, whether or not such offense was committed on school property or during school operating hours.
 - a. Either the Principal or the responsible staff member shall notify the Superintendent, who shall notify the Police Department as soon as possible.
 - b. The Superintendent will provide to the Police Department all known information concerning the matter, including the identity of the pupil or staff member involved.
 3. The Superintendent and/or the Principal will immediately notify the Police Department whenever any school staff member in the curriculum of his or her employment develops reason to believe that a pupil has threatened, is planning, or otherwise intends to cause death, serious bodily injury or significant bodily injury to another person under circumstances in which a reasonable person would believe the pupil genuinely intends at some time in the future to commit the violent act or carry out the threat.
 4. The Superintendent and/or the Principal will immediately notify the Police Department whenever any school employee in the curriculum of his or her employment develops reason to believe that a crime involving sexual contact or criminal sexual conduct has been committed on school property, or by or against a pupil during school operating hours or during school-related functions or activities.



5. School employees will immediately notify the Principal and/or Superintendent when in the curriculum of their employment they develop reason to believe that a hate crime has been committed or is about to be committed on school property, or has been or is about to be committed by any pupil, whether on or off school property. This notification is required whether or not such offense was or is to be committed during school hours. This notification is also required if a pupil enrolled in the school has been or is about to become the victim of a hate crime, whether committed on or off school property or during school hours.
 - a. The Principal and/or Superintendent will promptly notify the Police Department and the Bias Investigation Officer for the County Prosecutor's office in the instances described above.
 - b. The Principal and/or Superintendent will immediately notify the Police Department and the Bias Investigation Officer for the County Prosecutor's office where there is reason to believe that a hate crime that involves an act of violence has been or is about to be physically committed against a pupil, or there is otherwise reason to believe that a life has been or will be threatened.
- F. Handling of Substances, Firearms and Other Items
1. Any school employee who seizes or discovers any substance or item believed to be a controlled dangerous substance, including anabolic steroids, or drug paraphernalia, shall immediately notify and turn the substance or item over to the Principal or designee.
 - a. The Principal or designee shall immediately notify the Superintendent or designee who shall notify the Police Department.
 - b. The school employee, Principal or designee shall safeguard the substance or paraphernalia against further use or destruction and shall secure the substance or paraphernalia until such time as the substance or paraphernalia can be turned over to the appropriate law enforcement officials.
 - c. The Principal will provide to the County Prosecutor or designee all information concerning the manner in which the substance or paraphernalia was discovered or seized, including:



- (1) The identity of all persons who had custody of the substance or paraphernalia following its discovery or seizure; and
 - (2) The identity of any pupil or staff member believed to have been in possession of the substance or paraphernalia.
- d. The Principal will not disclose the identity of any pupil or staff member who on his or her own initiative turned over the substance or paraphernalia to a school employee, provided that there is reason to believe that the pupil or staff member was involved with the substance or paraphernalia for the purpose of personal use, not distribution activities, and further provided that the pupil or staff member agrees to participate in an appropriate treatment or counseling program.

An admission by a pupil or staff member in response to questioning initiated by the Principal or teaching staff member, or following the discovery of a controlled dangerous substance, including anabolic steroids, or drug paraphernalia by the Principal or teaching staff member will not constitute a voluntary self-initiated request for counseling and treatment.

2. Whenever a school employee seizes or comes upon any firearm or dangerous weapon, school officials will:
 - a. In the case of a firearm, immediately advise the Police Department and secure the firearm pending the response by the Police Department to retrieve and take custody of the firearm; and
 - b. In the case of a dangerous weapon other than a firearm, immediately advise the Police Department and secure the weapon pending the response by the Police Department to retrieve and take custody of the dangerous weapon.
 3. School employees having custody of a firearm or dangerous weapon shall take reasonable precautions to prevent the theft, destruction or unlawful use of the firearm or dangerous weapon by any person.
- G. Confidentiality of Pupil or Staff Involvement in Substance Abuse Intervention and Treatment Programs
1. All information concerning a pupil's or staff member's involvement in a school intervention or treatment program for substance abuse shall be kept strictly confidential, according to the requirements of 42 CFR Part 2 and N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-7.1 and 7.2.



2. Nothing in this Regulation shall be construed in any way to authorize or require the transmittal of any information or records which are in the possession of a substance abuse counseling or treatment program.
3. The Principal will not disclose to law enforcement officials or to any person other than a member of the local district's comprehensive alcohol, tobacco and other drug abuse program that a pupil or staff member has received or is receiving services through the local district's comprehensive alcohol and other drug abuse program. The Principal will not disclose any information, including the pupil's or staff member's identity or information about illegal activity, where such information was learned in the curriculum of or as a result of services provided through the local district's comprehensive alcohol and other drug abuse program.
4. Nothing in this Regulation shall be construed to preclude the disclosure of information about illegal activity that was learned by any school employee outside of the local district's comprehensive alcohol and other drug abuse program.

Any such information about illegal activity shall be reported according to the requirements of this Regulation and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.3 and 6.4.

H. Records

1. The Principal shall report to the Superintendent each incident involving an interrogation, search, or arrest of a pupil by a law enforcement agent.
2. The Principal shall record in writing and enter in the pupil's file:
 - a. The date, time, place, and circumstances of the incident;
 - b. The name of the officer and the law enforcement agency he/she represents;
 - c. The name of the pupil;
 - d. The notification or attempt to notify the pupil's parent(s) or legal guardian(s); and
 - e. An anecdotal description of the incident, including such information regarding its conduct as may be necessary to show that the pupil was fairly or unfairly treated.



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Cooperation with Law Enforcement Agencies

I. In-Service Training

The Superintendent will develop, in conjunction with the Building Principal(s), the County Prosecutor's Office and the Police Department, in-service training for school staff regarding Policy and Regulation 9320.

J. Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding With Law Enforcement

1. The Superintendent and Police Department will meet on a regular basis, or at least annually, to discuss the implementation and need for revising the Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding and to review the effectiveness of the policies and procedures implemented in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:16-6.1 et seq.
2. Any Agreement or Memorandum of Understanding between the Board of Education and Law Enforcement Officials will be approved by the Board of Education and will be submitted to the Police Department, County Prosecutor and County Superintendent of Schools.

Adopted: May 26, 2009



R 9324 SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION AND NOTIFICATION

A. Definitions

1. Tier One Offender - An offender that is a “low risk of re-offense”, thus constituting a low risk of harm to the community. This offender is one who, because of the type of crime, the lack of violence in his/her behavior, the lack of a substantial criminal history and the existence of ties to the community presents no more than a possible risk of re-offense.
2. Tier Two Offender - An offender who is a “moderate risk of re-offense”, thus constituting a moderate risk of harm to the community in that the pertinent documents demonstrate that they are reasonably likely to re-offend, warranting limited notice for the protection of the public.
3. Tier Three Offender - An offender who is a “high risk of re-offense” in that the available record demonstrates that there is a probable risk of re-offense, warranting notice to the community likely to encounter the offender.
4. Likely To Encounter - Law enforcement agencies, community organizations or members of the community who are in a location or in close geographic proximity to a location which the offender visits or can be presumed to visit on a regular basis.
5. Fair Chance to Encounter - The types of interaction which ordinarily occur at that location and other attendant circumstances demonstrate that contact with the offender is reasonably certain.

B. Notification To School District From the Law Enforcement Agency/County Prosecutor’s Office

1. The Superintendent and the Building Principal(s) of the targeted schools will be notified by the Prosecutor’s Office, without the need to register to be notified, for all sex offenders classified as Tier Two or Tier Three Offenders. Local law enforcement agencies and/or the County Prosecutor’s Office will determine there is a “fair chance to encounter” the offender in determining community notification. In any event the Superintendent and the Building Principal(s) will be notified for all Tier Two and Tier Three Offenders.



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Sex Offender Registration and Notification

2. The Building Principal(s) are entitled to receive the offender's name and a recent photograph, along with a physical description, the offense of which he/she was convicted, their address, place of employment and/or schooling, and vehicle license number.
 3. The County Prosecutor's Office determines the specific schools, community organizations and residences to receive notification.
 4. The County Prosecutor's Office and/or the appropriate law enforcement office will notify the Superintendent and the Principal of the targeted school(s). The Superintendent should not notify the target school(s), but may contact the Prosecutor's Office if the Superintendent thinks that a school in the notification area has been inadvertently omitted.
- C. School District Procedure Upon Notification From the Law Enforcement Agency/County Prosecutor's Office
1. The Building Principal(s) will have the discretion to make the determination as to which employees within the school should be informed of the notification. The Building Principal should share the notice with any person who in the curriculum of the duties of his/her employment or assignment is regularly in a position to observe unauthorized persons in or near the property of the notified school. If any persons to be notified by the Building Principal are employees of private contractors, the Principal or the Superintendent will notify the private vendor who will provide notice to the employees. The Building Principal will take appropriate steps to educate and alert those staff members who are charged with the care and supervision of children, emphasizing that this information is intended to assist staff members in the protection of their charges, not to provide notification to the community at large.
 2. The Building Principal, in conjunction with the appropriate law enforcement agency and the County Prosecutor's Office will provide information, along with appropriate advice regarding the safeguarding of the school's children.
 3. All school district staff are prohibited from releasing any of this information to the public at large. All inquiries from community members, non-affected school staff, all parent(s) or legal guardian(s) and other members of the general public shall be directed to the appropriate law enforcement agency and/or the County Prosecutor's Office.

Adopted: May 26, 2009

